

TALES OF A CASTLE

Fritz Neuböck

Grade / Moeilijkheidsgraad / Degré de difficulté /
Schwierigkeitsgrad / Difficoltà 4

Duration / Tijdsduur / Durée / Dauer / Durata 7:22

Recording on / Opname op / Enregistrement sur /
Aufnahme auf / Registrazione su

Tierolff for Band No. 26 "TALES OF A CASTLE"

LMCD-12388

Concert Band

Full score	1
Flute 1	3
Flute 2	2
Oboe	2
Bassoon	2
Bb Clarinet 1	5
Bb Clarinet 2	5
Bb Clarinet 3	5
Bb Bass Clarinet	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 1 (Ha)	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 2 (Ha)	1
Bb Tenor Saxophone	2
Eb Baritone Saxophone	1
Bb Trumpet 1	2
Bb Trumpet 2	2
Bb Trumpet 3	2
Bb Flugelhorn 1 (Ha)	1
Bb Flugelhorn 2 (Ha)	1
F Horn 1	1
F Horn 2	1
F Horn 3	1
C Trombone 1	2
C Trombone 2	2
C Trombone 3	2
C Baritone	2
Bb Baritone treble clef	3
C Bass 1-2	4
Percussion 1	1
Percussion 2	1
Percussion 3	1
Timpani	1
Glockenspiel	1

Tierolff Muziekcentrale

Postbus 18

Markt 90-92

4700 AA Roosendaal/Nederland

Tel.: ++ 31 (0) 165 541255

Fax: ++ 31 (0) 165 558339

Website: www.tierolff.nl

E-mail: info@tierolff.nl

P A R T S

Bb Soprano Saxophone	1
Eb Horn 1	1
Eb Horn 2	1
Eb Horn 3	1
Bb Trombone 1 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 1 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 treble clef	1
Bb Baritone bass clef	2
Eb Bass bass clef	2
Eb Bass treble clef	2
Bb Bass bass clef	2
Bb Bass treble clef	2

TALES OF A CASTLE

Nederlands:

“Tales Of A Castle” (gebaseerd op het volkslied: “In Oostenrijk staat een kasteel”): een wandelaar staat met de ogen gesloten versteld op de binnenplaats van een oud, vervallen kasteel, en meteen vertelt de ruïne haar verhaal. In de verte is een marsritme te horen en de trompetten kondigen de terugkerende troepen aan die al op de binnenplaats door de uitgelaten bevolking verwacht worden. Niet onder de indruk viert een elegant gezelschap in de balzaal een feest en danst op de klanken van een menuet. “Tales Of A Castle” vertelt over menig romance die een grote liefde wordt, maar ook over catastrofes zoals brand, hongersnood en oorlogsgewoel. Tenslotte klinkt het gehele volkslied en laat het kasteel in volle bloei stralen.

Voor de dirigent:

Na de mysterieuze inleiding zouden zowel het eerste snelle deel (vanaf maat 28), als het langzame middendeel (vanaf maat 104) in dezelfde puls gespeeld moeten worden, dus men gaat zonder ritenuitoever verder in het rustiger middendeel (een kwartnoot uit het snelle deel is dan dus even snel als een achtste uit het langzame deel). In het 6/8-deel heeft de dirigent enkele vrijheden met betrekking tot tempo (rubato) en dynamiek (crescendo of decrescendo kunnen met de melodie meegaan). In de finale is het een aandachtspunt om een goede forte-klank te spelen zonder de transparantie in het orkest uit het oog te verliezen. Ook in forte moeten alle afzonderlijke stemmen goed hoorbaar blijven; dan zal het werk met een majestueuze effect eindigen.

English:

“Tales Of A Castle” (based on the folk song: “There Is A Castle In Austria”): a stroller is standing with his eyes closed at the courtyard of an old, ruined castle and immediately the ruin tells its story. In the distance, far away a march rhythm can be heard and trumpets announce the arrival of returning troops, awaited by exuberant people that are already expecting them at the court. Not impressed an elegant company is partying in the ballroom and dancing to the sound of a minuet. “Tales Of A Castle” tells the story of many romances that turn into eternal love stories, but also about catastrophes such as fires, famine and the atrocities of war. Finally the folk song sounds completely and lets the castle blossom to its fullest.

Conductors notes:

After the mysterious introduction both the first faster part (from measure 28), as the slower middle part (from measure 104) should be played with the same pulse, so without any ritenuitoever one enters the more slow middle part (a quarter note in the faster part has the same speed as an eighth note in the slower part). In the 6/8-part the conductor has some freedom regarding tempo (rubato) and dynamics (crescendo and decrescendo can follow the melody). In the final part of the piece one really has to pay attention to the forte sound, keeping the track on the transparency of the band; then the piece will finish with a majestic effect.

Deutsch:

“Tales Of A Castle” (basierend auf dem Volkslied: „Es liegt ein Schloss in Österreich“): ein Wanderer steht staunend im Hof eines alten verfallenen Schlosses, er schließt seine Augen und schon beginnt die Ruine ihre Geschichte zu erzählen. Aus weiter Ferne hört man einen Marschrhythmus, Trompeten kündigen die heimkehrenden Truppen an, die am Schlosshof bereits freudig vom Volk erwartet werden. Unbeeindruckt davon feiert die feine Gesellschaft im Ballsaal ein Fest und tanzt zu den Klängen eines Menuettes. „Tales of a Castle“ erzählt von so mancher Romanze die zur großen Liebe wurde, aber auch von Katastrophen wie Feuer, Hungersnot und Kriegswirren. Zum Abschluss erklingt das Volkslied in voller Länge und lässt das Schloss in seiner ganzen Blüte erstrahlen.

Notizen für den Dirigenten:

Nach der geheimnisvollen Einleitung sollten sowohl der erste schnelle Teil (ab Takt 28) sowie der langsame Mittelteil (ab Takt 104) im gleichen Puls gespielt werden, das heißt in den ruhigen Mittelteil wird ohne Ritardando übergeleitet. (somit entspricht die Viertelnote aus dem

schnellen Teil einer Achtelnote aus dem langsamen Teil) Für den 6/8 – Takt darf man sich als Dirigent ruhig die Freiheit für leichte Rückungen in Tempo (rubato) und Dynamik (crescendo bzw. decrescendo mit dem Verlauf der melodischen Linien entsprechend) nehmen. Im Finale ist das Augenmerk auf einen guten forte – Klang zu legen ohne die Transparenz im Orchester aus den Augen zu verlieren. Auch im forte sollten alle Stimmen gut hörbar freigelegt werden, dann wird das Werk mit einem majestätischen Eindruck sein Ende finden.

Français:

Tales Of A Castle (Histoires d'un Château) est basé sur la chanson populaire '*Il y a un château en Autriche...*'. Un promeneur se trouve émerveillé, les yeux fermés, dans la cour d'un vieux château en ruines et la ruine se met à raconter son histoire. On entend une marche au loin, les trompettes annoncent le retour de l'armée qui est attendue par une foule en liesse dans la cour du château. Ceci n'impressionne pas du tout une compagnie élégante qui festoie et danse un menuet dans la salle de bal. « Tales Of A Castle» raconte plusieurs romances d'amour, mais également des catastrophes telles des incendies, la famine et les guerres. Finalement on entend la chanson populaire en entier et on retrouve le château dans toute sa splendeur.

Indications pour le chef d'orchestre :

Après l'introduction mystérieuse, aussi bien la première partie rapide (à partir de la mesure 28) que la partie centrale lente (à partir de la mesure 104) devraient être jouées avec la même pulsion, donc on continue sans ritenuto dans la partie centrale plus calme (une noire de la partie rapide est donc aussi rapide qu'une croche de la partie lente). Dans la partie en 6/8 le chef d'orchestre peut se permettre quelques libertés en ce qui concerne le tempo (rubato) et la dynamique (un crescendo ou un decrescendo peuvent accompagner la mélodie). Dans le mouvement final il faut s'appliquer pour jouer un bon 'forte' sans perdre de vue la transparence dans l'orchestre. Même dans les 'forte' toutes les voies séparées doivent rester audibles, ce qui donnera une fin majestueuse.

TALES OF A CASTLE

Fritz Neuböck

Moderato ♩ = 80

Flute 1-2
Oboe
Bassoon
Bb Clarinet 1
Bb Clarinet 2-3
Bb Bass Clarinet
Eb Alto Saxophone 1-2
Bb Tenor Saxophone
Eb Baritone Saxophone
Bb Trumpet 1
Bb Trumpet 2-3
Bb Flugelhorn 1-2
F Horn 1
F Horn 2-3
Trombone 1
Trombone 2-3
C Baritone
C Basses
Timpani
Glockenspiel
Percussion 1
Percussion 2
Windchimes
Percussion 3
Susp. Cymb.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

16 17 18 19

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

52 53 54 55 56 57 58

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

quasi Menuetto

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75

mf

A musical score page showing parts for Flute 1-2, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinet 1, Clarinets 2-3, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone 1-2, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Trombone 1, Trombones 2-3, Flugelhorn 1-2, French Horn 1, French Horns 2-3, Trombone 1, Trombones 2-3, C-Brass, C-Bass, Timpani, Glockenspiel, Percussion 1 (Tambourine), Percussion 2, and Percussion 3. Measures 76-83 are shown. Various dynamics like *p*, *mf*, and *f* are indicated. Measure 76: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 plays eighth-note patterns. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 plays eighth-note patterns. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 plays eighth-note patterns. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) enters. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 77: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 78: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 79: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 80: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 81: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 82: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests. Measure 83: Flute 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Oboe and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon rests. Clarinet 1 rests. Clarinets 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Bass Clarinet rests. Alto Saxophone 1-2 play eighth-note patterns. Tenor Saxophone rests. Bass Saxophone rests. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Flugelhorn 1-2 rests. French Horn 1 rests. French Horns 2-3 play eighth-note patterns. Trombone 1 rests. Trombones 2-3 rests. C-Brass rests. C-Bass rests. Timpani rests. Glockenspiel rests. Percussion 1 (Tambourine) rests. Percussion 2 rests. Percussion 3 rests.

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

— 84 — — 85 — — 86 — — 87 — — 88 — — 89 — — 90 —

f

Cymb. a 2

A page of a musical score for orchestra and percussion, page 13, measures 91-98. The score includes parts for Flutes 1-2, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets 1, 2-3, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophones 1-2, Tenor Saxophone, Baritone Saxophone, Trombones 1, 2-3, Flugelhorns 1-2, French Horns 1, 2-3, Trombones 1, 2-3, Bass Trombone, Timpani, Glockenspiel, Percussion 1, Percussion 2, and Percussion 3. The music features various dynamics like *p*, *f*, *tr*, and *d.* with performance instructions such as *3* and *tr*. Measures 91-93 show mostly rests or simple patterns. Measures 94-98 feature more complex rhythmic patterns, particularly in the woodwind and brass sections, with dynamic changes and performance markings like *tr* and *f*.

non rit.

Lento ♩. = 48

Fl. 1-2

Ob.

Bsn.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Flghn. 1-2

F Hn. 1

F Hn. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Tim.

Glock.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

p

p

p

mf

A. Sax. - Solo

mpf

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

Windchimes

Susp. Cymb.

p

p

Con anima

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

Fl. 1-2

Ob.

Bsn.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Flghn. 1-2

F Hn. 1

F Hn. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Timp.

Glock.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

204 205 206 207 208 209

A page of a musical score featuring 25 staves of music for various instruments. The instruments listed on the left are: Fl. 1-2, Ob., Bsn., Clar. 1, Clar. 2-3, Bs. Clar., A. Sax. 1-2, T. Sax., B. Sax., Tpt. 1, Tpt. 2-3, Flghn. 1-2, F Hn. 1, F Hn. 2-3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2-3, C Brtn., C Bs., Timp., Glock., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, and Perc. 3. The score is divided into measures numbered 210 through 215. In measure 210, the Flutes 1-2 play a sixteenth-note pattern with grace notes. The Oboe and Bassoon provide harmonic support. Measures 211-214 show a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns across the woodwind section. Measures 215 introduce rhythmic patterns on the brass and woodwind sections. The timpani and cymbals provide rhythmic drive, while the bassoon and double basses anchor the harmonic foundation.

Fl. 1-2
Ob.
Bsn.
Clar. 1
Clar. 2-3
Bs. Clar.
A. Sax. 1-2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2-3
Flghn. 1-2
F Hn. 1
F Hn. 2-3
Tbn. 1
Tbn. 2-3
C Brtn.
C Bs.
Timp.
Glock.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

216 217 218 219 220 221

Fl. 1-2

Ob.

Bsn.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Flghn. 1-2

F Hn. 1

F Hn. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Timp.

Glock.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3